

thoughts into words before speaking

SUBJECT: ENGLISH Strand: Speaking

Interactions & Collaboration

Concept Question/s:

Which words and phrases help us to share our feelings, thoughts and responses?

Pre K 3	Pre K 4	Kindergarten	Grade 1
Conceptual Understanding/s:	Conceptual Understanding/s:	Conceptual Understanding/s:	Conceptua
People listen and speak to share thoughts and	People listen and speak to share thoughts and	People listen and speak to share thoughts and	Spoken wo
feelings.	feelings.	feelings.	S poken lan
		Spoken words connect us with others.	audience.
Communicates to meet own needs	Uses different ways to communicate to meet own	Talks about thinking with others, e.g. I think.	Responds t
Responds to greetings	needs	Participates in collaborative conversations with	convention
Responds to greetings	Greets familiar people and responds to greetings	diverse partners about topics	Participates
			diverse par
	Asks questions (and demonstrates curiosity)	Answers questions about key details and requests	diverse par
		clarification if something is not understood	Asks and ar
	Answers questions with simple phrases		read aloud
	Engages in conversations during play		
Speaking Conventions			
Begins to use a small range of vocabulary	Is understood by familiar adults in supportive or	Structures simple spoken texts appropriately	Provides so
	predictable situations		supporting
Responds to spoken language in ways appropriate to		Uses everyday terms related to own experiences and	reasons
home language or culture	Uses a small range of vocabulary and simple phrases	some subject-specific words	
	Non-option to the standard standard from the standard s		Chooses ap
	Names classmates, teachers and familiar classroom	Uses simple sentences or simple connectives to link	accurately
	objects	ideas	Degine to it
	Responds to and begins to adjust spoken language in ways appropriate to home language or culture	Uses simple statements, commands and questions	Begins to id helpful stra
		Describes familiar people, places, things and events,	Describes f
		with support	
		With support and direction, begins to organize	Speaks in c ideas and s

Oral Presentations

Speaking Scope & Sequence (May 2017)



al Understanding/s:

vords connect us with others anguage varies according to the purpose and .

s to spoken language using common school ons, e.g. takes turns in a conversation

tes in collaborative conversations with artners about topics

answers questions about key details in a text Id or information presented orally

some background information and ng ideas for listener, e.g. facts and personal

appropriate words to communicate meaning y and engages the interest of the audience

identify, with support and direction, a few trategies before, during, and after speaking

s familiar people, places, things and events

a complete sentences and logically connects d sentences together

Begins to rely on personal experience as a stimulus for speaking Begins to use a limited range of processes and strategies when speaking, e.g. uses repetition	Relies on personal experience as a stimulus for speaking Delivers short oral presentations to peers	Makes short presentations using some introduced text structures and language, for example opening statements including paired sharing and small group situations	Rehearses a familiar and small and la
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Interactions & Collaboration

Concept Question/s:

How do we structure and organize ideas and our opinions, in order to communicate with a clear purpose?

Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
Conceptual Understanding/s:	Conceptual Understanding/s:	Conceptual Understanding/s:	Conceptua
Spoken language varies according to the purpose and	Spoken language varies according to the purpose and	Thinking about the perspective of our audience helps	Spoken lar
audience.	audience.	us to communicate more effectively and	influence
Spoken communication is different from written	Spoken communication is different from written	appropriately.	The gramr
communication – it has its own set of rules.	communication – it has its own set of rules.	The grammatical structures of a language enable	members
		members of a language community to communicate with each other.	with each
Experiments with different speaking behaviors in	Experiments with different speaking behaviors in a	Demonstrates an understanding of appropriate	Demonstra
informal settings, e.g. proximity, eye contact,	variety of situations including small and large group	speaking behaviors in a variety of situations, including	speaking b
volume	settings	paired sharing and small and large group settings	paired sha
			settings
Participates in collaborative conversations with	Engages effectively in a range of collaborative	Engages effectively in a range of collaborative	_
diverse partners about topics	discussions with diverse partners about topics	discussions with diverse partners about topics	Engages e
Recounts or describes key ideas or details from a text	States main ideas and supporting details of a text read	Paraphrases portions of a text read aloud or	discussion
read aloud or information presented orally	aloud or information presented in diverse media and	information presented in diverse media and formats	Summariz
read aloud of information presented orany	formats		in diverse
Asks and answers questions about what a speaker		Identifies the reasons and evidence a speaker	in arrende
says in order to deepen understanding of a topic or	Asks and answers questions about what a speaker	provides to support particular points	Summariz
issue	says offering appropriate elaboration and detail		how each
Sneaking Conventions			

Speaking Conventions

How do we structure and organize ideas and our opinions, in order to communicate with a clear purpose?

Presents simple spoken texts using basic text	Reports on a topic or text, tells a story or recount an	Reports on a topic or text, tells a story or recount an	Reports o
structures in logical sequence, e.g. description,	experience with appropriate facts and relevant	experience in an organized manner, using appropriate	sequencir
instruction, recount	descriptive details, speaking clearly, at an	facts and relevant descriptive details to support main	and releva
		ideas or themes; speak clearly, at an understandable	

s and delivers short presentations on nd new topics including paired sharing, and I large group situations

ual Understanding/s:

language can be used to persuade and e people.

nmatical structures of a language enable rs of a language community to communicate ch other.

trates an understanding of appropriate g behaviors in a variety of situations, including haring, dialogue and small and large group

effectively in a range of collaborative ons with diverse partners about topics

izes text read aloud or information presented se media and formats

izes the points a speaker makes and explains th claim is supported by reasons and evidence

on a topic or text or presents an opinion, ng ideas logically and using appropriate facts vant descriptive details to support main ideas

	understandable pace	pace	or themes;
 Talks about different audiences and purposes for own talk Tells a story or recounts an experience with basic facts and descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences Identifies a few strategies that are helpful before, during, and after speaking Chooses a variety of appropriate words and phrases to communicate meaning accurately and engage the audience 	Chooses a variety of appropriate words and phrases including descriptive words and some technical vocabulary and a few elements of style to communicate meaning accurately and engage the audience Tells a story or recounts an experience and/or event with interesting facts and some descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences Communicates ideas, opinions, and information orally in a clear, coherent manner using simple but appropriate organizational patterns	Uses appropriate words and phrases from the full range of their vocabulary including descriptive words and appropriate elements of style to communicate meaning accurately and engage the audience Tells a story or recounts an experience and/or event with important facts and descriptive details, adjusting for emphasis and emotion Communicates orally in a clear, coherent manner, presenting ideas, opinions, and information in a logical sequence	Uses appro range of the and stylistic Tells a story with import for emphas audience Communica presenting readily und
Oral Presentations			

How do we structure and organize ideas and our opinions, in order to communicate with a clear purpose?

Plans and delivers short presentations, providing some key details in logical sequence	Plans, rehearses and delivers presentations incorporating learned content and taking into account the particular purposes and audiences	Plans, rehearses and delivers presentations for defined audiences and purposes incorporating accurate and sequenced content and multimodal elements	Plans, rehea and sequen elements fo making app emphasis
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s; speaks clearly, at an understandable pace

ropriate words and phrases from the full their vocabulary including descriptive words stic devices

ory or recounts an experience and/or event ortant facts and descriptive details, adjusting asis and emotion, and aiming to engage the

icates in a clear, coherent manner, ng ideas, opinions, and information in a nderstandable form

nearses and delivers presentations selecting encing appropriate content and multimodal s for defined audiences and purposes, ppropriate choices for modality and